

WJEC CRIMINOLOGY



SUMMER INDEPENDENT LEARNING

2023-2024

NAME:



Learning Trust

Criminology Year 12 into 13: Summer Independent Learning

TASKS 1 AND 2: WE EXPECT **ALL** CRIMINOLOGY STUDENTS TO COMPLETE THESE TASKS AND UPLOAD THEM TO THEIR CLASS TEAMS ASSIGNMENT BY YOUR FIRST LESSON BACK IN SEPTEMBER. AT THE START OF YEAR 13, THESE TASKS SHOULD ALSO BE PRINTED OUT IN YOUR FOLDER AND READY TO HAND IN TO YOUR YEAR 13 TEACHER IN YOUR FIRST LESSON. THESE TASKS WILL ALL FORM PART OF YOUR FIRST CEDAR ASSESSMENT.

TASK 1:

WRITE UP FOR AC1.1 FOR AT LEAST 5 OF ANY OF THE FOLLOWING AGENCIES:

- POLICE
- THE CROWN PROSECUTION SERVICE (CPS)
- SCENE OF CRIME OFFICERS (SOCOS)
- FORENSIC EXPERTS
- PATHOLOGISTS
- NATIONAL CRIME AGENCY (NCA)
- HM REVENUE AND CUSTOMS (HMRC)
- COUNTER TERRORISM DIVISION

All year 12 classes began Unit 3 in the summer term and completed the first lessons for at least FIVE of the agencies. Some students will have completed the write-up for this section already. If you have not completed this section your first SIL task is to complete this write-up for at least FIVE of the agencies above.

WRITE UP FOR AC2.1, AC2.2 & AC2.3 In addition to this, you will have completed some work on LO2 and some students will have potentially completed the write-up for this. If you have not completed this write-up, then you next task as part of task 1 is to have this completed. All the necessary PowerPoints, supporting documents and information have been shared with you by your class teacher.

TASK 2:

COMPLETE RESEARCH ON CRIMINAL CASES

Case studies of malpractice and miscarriages of justice. All year 12 classes will have researched several cases from the list below. Your next task is to create these fact files on the cases. These will be needed throughout Unit 3 for numerous ACs. The fact file template is at the back of this document. Please copy and paste the template to complete.

THE CASES ARE:

- MURDER OF RACHEL NICKELL AND COLIN STAGG
- THE MURDER OF STEPHEN LAWRENCE
- THE TRIAL, CONVICTION AND APPEAL OF SALLY CLARK
- THE TRIAL, CONVICTION AND APPEAL OF BARRY GEORGE
- THE INQUEST OF THE HILLSBOROUGH DISASTER
- THE 'TRIAL BY MEDIA' OF CHRISTOPHER JEFFRIES
- THE IPP (INDETERMINATE SENTENCE) AND MONITORING OF USMAN KHAN
- THE TRIAL, CONVICTION AND APPEAL OF RONALD COTTON
- THE INVESTIGATION AND TRIAL OF THE BIRMINGHAM SIX
- FIRST CASE TO BE SOLVED USING FORENSIC EVIDENCE COLIN PITCHFORK
- MURDER OF SARAH EVARAD BY WAYNE COUZENS
- CONVICTION AND APPEALS OF JEREMY BAMBER
- CONVICTION AND APPEAL OF STEPHEN DOWNING



TASK 3:

PREPARATION FOR AC1.2: Assess the usefulness of investigative techniques in criminal investigations

Forensics

Read **the article** to answer the questions below. <u>https://www.forensic-pathways.com/confirmation-bias-ethics-and-mistakes-in-forensics/</u>

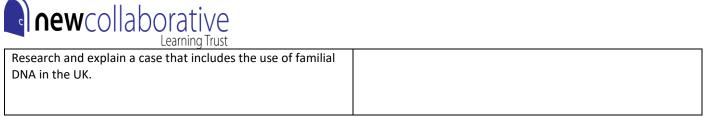


Identify the three basic types of errors that are found in	1.
forensic science	2.
	3.
Explain why ethics violations is a limitation for forensics	
What ethics violations were there in relation to the forensic evidence in the Birmingham Six case?	
Read section 78 of The Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984 using the link provided below and explain what happens if evidence is found to have violated ethics.	
https://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/1984/60/section/78	
Why is human error a limitation for forensics?	
Research the Adam Scott case and explain what happened with the DNA evidence	

Read the article and answer the questions below.

<u>https://www.bbc.co.uk/news/uk-england-nottinghamshire-45561514</u> WARNING: This article includes some graphic descriptions of violent crimes.

Who created DNA profiling?	
What is DNA profiling?	
How is familial DNA used to identify offenders?	
Explain what happened in the case of Gladys Godfrey (The Golden State Killer)	
How was the offender found in the above case?	



Covert Surveillance

Read **the articles** to answer the questions below. <u>https://www.cps.gov.uk/legal-guidance/disclosure-manual-chapter-26-dealing-surveillance-authorisations</u>

https://www.bbc.co.uk/news/uk-england-derbyshire-22013080

https://www.theguardian.com/uk/2009/mar/08/menezes-tube-shooting-northern-ireland

Explain what is meant by directed surveillance	
Explain what is meant by intrusive surveillance	
Explain what is meant by overt surveillance camera systems	
Explain how surveillance was used in the Philpott case	
Explain how surveillance was used in the Jean Charles de	
Menezes case	
Explain the difference between observation and surveillance	

CCTV Surveillance

Read **the articles** to answer the questions below. <u>https://researchbriefings.files.parliament.uk/documents/POST-PN-175/POST-PN-175.pdf</u> <u>https://www.cctv-information.co.uk/article/case-study-cctv-london-riots/</u>

Explain at least three areas where CCTV can be found	
Explain the difference between Manual identification of	
offenders and automatic face recognition systems	
Outline the laws relating to CCTV surveillance	



Explain how CCTV could result in crime displacement. Use an example	
How does CCTV surveillance cause issues with civil liberties?	
Why might discrimination be a limitation of CCTV surveillance?	
Explain how CCTV surveillance was used in the London Riots	

Eye Witness Testimony

Watch the **TED TALK by Elizabeth Loftus** and answer the questions below <u>https://www.ted.com/talks/elizabeth loftus the fiction of memory</u>

Who was Steve Titus? What happened to him? What was	
Steve Titus he accused of?	
What did the visting and shout Chaus Titus' what a compared	
What did the victim say about Steve Titus' photo compared	
with what she said at trial?	
What did Steve Titus do once he was convicted?	
What happened once his conviction was overturned?	
Why was Elizabeth Loftus (The Speaker) asked to work/	
review this case?	
What does Elizabeth Loftus study in individuals?	
What do many people believe about memory?	



Why is memory a construction? What studies does Elizabeth	
Loftus use as examples? Why were the results different?	
How does stress impact memory?	
How can misinformation change memory? Give examples.	
Can memories be 'planted' in to an individual? Give one	
example.	
Based on your own thoughts and the information in the	
video, do you think that Eye Witness Testimony is a useful	
investigative technique?	

Databases

Read **the articles** and create a leaflet outlining the role and the usefulness of Gangs Matrix. Include:

- An overview of Gangs Matrix
- Statistics
- Images
- Advantages and disadvantages
- Types of crime
- Situations when Gangs Matrix may be used

https://www.amnesty.org.uk/london-trident-gangs-matrix-metropolitan-police https://www.met.police.uk/police-forces/metropolitan-police/areas/about-us/about-the-met/gangs-violence-matrix/

TASK 4: Profiling

Choose one of the following profiling techniques to research.

Research the following areas of profiling using the links the provided. Use the resources to create a description and assess the strengths and limitations of each.

- FBI Profiling (Typological) <u>http://psychlotron.org.uk/newResources/criminological/A2_AQB_crim_typoProfiling.pdf</u>
- Geographical Profiling (David Canter) <u>http://psychlotron.org.uk/newResources/criminological/A2_AQB_crim_geographicalProfiling.pdf</u>



CASE:

- Overview of the crime:
- Who was convicted and why?
- Was their conviction overturned? (yes or no and explain why)
- What was wrong with the case: (fill in the <u>relevant parts</u> of the following grid)

What personnel involved in the case? How effective were they? Did they make any mistakes?	What techniques were used to investigate? How effective were they? Forensic reports, eyewitnesses, etc)	How was evidence collected and processed in each case? Was there any contamination of evidence or was it circumstantial?

- Resources: make a note of any links that you have used here as part of your research so that you can find the information again at a later date if needed.