

### Unit 3 Health Psychology – Summer Independent Learning 2025

Your SIL includes completing consolidation work on Health Psychology: Booklet 1 – Learning Aim A:

Please complete the listed tasks in the order they are presented in and use the checklist as a guide.

Task Number & Title	Description of Task	(√/×) Task Complete
	Answer the self-test questions on the separate handouts for Booklet 1 (Learning Aim A):	
Task 1: Self-Test Qs Learning Aim A1	A1 – Psychological Definitions of Health, ill health, addiction & stress (re-read content pg. 2-12)	
Task 2: Self-Test Qs Learning Aim A2	A2 – Psychological Approaches to health, wellbeing & illness (re-read pg.13-26)	
Task 3: Self-Test Qs Learning Aim A3	A3 – Theories of Stress, behavioural & physiological addiction (re-read pg.27-46)	



You will be expected to produce <u>all of this work</u> in your first lesson to your teacher upon your return to college in September as evidence of completion. Your first <u>assessment</u> will test this content.

#### **CONTACT DETAILS**

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# Health Psychology: LA:A1 Self-Test Questions

#### A1 psychological definition of health and ill health, addiction and stress

Answer the following questions. Use the rating system to indicate your confidence. GREEN – not notes needed, very confident. AMBER – Some reference to notes was made but fairly confident with material. RED – needed notes and not confident with this material.

1. Outline the biomedical definition of health	
2. Outline the biopsychosocial	
definition of health	
3. Outline health as a	
continuum as a definition of	
health	
4. Outline and explain	1.
Griffith's six	2.
components of addiction	2.
	3.

	4.
	5.
	6.
5. STRESS –	
what is a	
stressor?	
6. What is	
physiological	
stress? Give an	
example?	
7. What is	
psychological	
stress? Give an	
example?	
8. How does	
the body	
respond to	
stress?	
9. What	
resources may	
people use to combat stress?	

# Health Psychology: LA:A2 Self-Test Questions

#### A2: Psychological approaches to health, wellbeing and illness

Answer the following questions.	Use the rating system to indicate your confidence. <b>GREEN</b> – not notes
needed, very confident. AMBER -	Some reference to notes was made but fairly confident with material.
RED – nee	ded notes and not confident with this material.

<b>BIOLOGICAL</b>	
INFLUENCES:	
1. what is a	
genetic	
predisposition?	
2. Give an	
example of a	
disorder that is	
inherited	
through genes	
3. How can	
behaviour be	
caused by	
neurotransmitter	
imbalances (clue:	
link to a	
psychological	
disorder)	
<mark>BEHAVIOURIST</mark>	
APPROACH	
4. What are	
'cues'?	
5. Name some	
'cues' that are	
associated with	
smoking	
6. What is	
positive	
reinforcement?	
7. What is	
negative	
reinforcement?	
8. Explain how	
smoking can be	
explained	
through positive	
and negative	
reinforcement	

9. What is	
<b>'incentivising</b>	
behaviour'?	
10. Give an	
example of	
incentivising	
behaviour	
<mark>SOCIAL</mark>	
LEARNING	
APPROACH	
10. What is a	
role model?	
11. How can role	
models be used	
to explain	
smoking OR	
gambling?	
APPROACH	
12. What is the	
self-medication	
hypothesis? How	
can this be used	
to explain why	
people may	
engage in	
unhealthy	
behaviours?	
13. What is	
cognitive	
dissonance?	
14. Explain how	
cognitive	
dissonance may	
explain why	
someone may	
continue to	
smoke	
15. What is	
confirmation	
bias?	

drug addiction OR obesity
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## Health Psychology: LA:A3 Self-Test Questions

## A3: Theories of stress, behavioural addiction and physiological addiction

Answer the following questions. Use the rating system to indicate your confidence. GREEN	
– not notes needed, very confident. AMBER – Some reference to notes was made but fairly	
confident with material. <b>RED</b> – needed notes and not confident with this material.	
HEALTH BELIEF MODEL 1. Outline and explain the key aspects of the health belief model 2. Evaluate the health belief model – use the full I, E, C	$\overline{\mathbb{C}}$
structure	
LOCUS OF CONTROL	
3. Define locus of	
control	
4. Outline internal	
locus of control	
including traits of	
being internal and	
explain how this	
affects health	
behaviour	
5. Outline external	
locus of control	
including traits of	
being external and	
explain how this	
affects health	
behaviour	
6. Evaluate locus of	<b></b>
control as theory of	
health behaviour,	
use the full I, E, C	
structure	

7. THEORY OF	
<b>PLANNED</b>	
<b>BEHAVIOUR</b>	
Draw out the TOPB	
diagram	
8. Explain attitudes,	
subjective norms	
and perceived	
behavioural control	
according to TOPB	
9. Explain how ToPB	
is used to create a	
change using an	
example	
10. Evaluate TOPB	
SELF EFFICACY	
11. What is self-	
efficacy?	
12. Explain what	
would happen if	
you had a high self-	
efficacy	
13. Explain what	
would happen if	
you had a low self-	
efficacy	
14. Explain the four	
sources of self	

efficacy information:	
15. How could you use self-efficacy to	
explain someone recovering from	
alcohol addiction?	
16. Evaluate self-	
efficacy as a theory of health	
TRANSTHEORETICAL	
MODEL 17. in the 1970s	
what was the	
transtheoretical model used for?	
18. Outline the 5 stages of behaviour	1.
change according to	
the transtheoretical model	2.
	3.
	4.
	5.

19. What are the stages of change and the likelihood of relapse?	
20. Evaluate the transtheoretical model	